THE DAILY REGISTER.

VOL. LII. RALEIGH, SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5, 1851. NO. 41.

THE DAILY REGISTER.

SEATON GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays at $4 per annum in advance; $4,50 if not paid within six months; and $5 if not paid until the expiration of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued every Wednesday at $2,50 if paid within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Northern Mail—By Rail Road, Due daily at 1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m.

Southern—Two-horse stage, due daily at 11 a. m., closes at 12 m.

Greensborough—Four-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a. m., and closes Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 m.

Newbern—Four-horse stage, due Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.

Tarborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 p. m., closes Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p. m.

Pittsborough—Two horse stage, due Monday and Thursday at 7 p. m., and closes Saturday and Tuesday at 9 p. m.

Roxborough—One-horse mail, Due Friday at 9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p. m.

Holly Springs—Horse Mail, due Monday at 4 p. m., and closes Thursday at 9 p. m.

Letters should be in the Office fifteen minutes before the time of closing.

The Office will be open every day, except Sunday, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9 p. m.

On Sunday, it will be open from 8½ to 9½ a. m., and one hour directly after the departure of the Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,

UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILDINGS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
Open from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN THE BAR!!

Rates	First 10 words,	Eh addi'l w'd.
Raleigh to Petersburg,	30 cts.	2
" " Richmond	32 "	2
" " Washington	44 "	2
" " Baltimore	54 "	3
" " Philadelphia	74 "	5
" " New York	84 "	6
" " Fayetteville	21 "	1
" " Cheraw	28 "	1
" " Charleston	50 "	3
" " Macon	97 "	5
" " Montgomery	116 "	6
" " Mobile	138 "	7
" " New Orleans	172 "	9

And all the places on this and other lines of communication in proportion to distance.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Second Floor, Smith's Block, adjoining Telegraph Office.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Opposite the Post Office—under Odd Fellows Hall.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.
DISCOUNT DAY, TUESDAY.
Board Meets at 11 O'clock.
BANKING HOURS FROM 10 TO 2.
W. H. JONES, Cashier.
F. C. HILL, Teller.

Exchange, Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, 1 per ct. premium.

Virginia and South Carolina money Bankable, of the denomination of $5 and upwards.

BANK OF THE STATE.
OFFICERS OF THE BANK.

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Casher,
Seymour W. Whiting, Teller
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.

Hours of business from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DISCOUNT DAY, WEDNESDAY.
Board of Directors meet at 10 a. m.

BANK RATES FOR SELLING EXCHANGE.
Sight Checks on New York ½ per cent. Premium.
" " " Philadelphia ½ " " "
" " " Baltimore ½ " " "

Notes of the South Carolina and Virginia Banks received.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE,
NORTH CAROLINA.

July 19th, 1850.

NEW BOOK STORE,
POMEROY & O'NEAL.
No, 16, Fayetteville St., Nearly Opposite the Post Office.
RALEIGH, N. C.

ARE now receiving an extensive assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Miscellaneous and School Books, generally, Annuals and choice Books for Presents, Novels, Stationery of all kinds, which we are selling at the very lowest prices; prices which we are confident must give entire satisfaction. Call and examine.

W. L. POMEROY,
J. W. O'NEAL.

Dec., 9th, 1850. 95

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership in a general business as

Booksellers and Stationers,

and will continue to carry on the business under the name and Firm of

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

Raleigh, December 9th, 1850. 99

WISTARS BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

A large supply of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry just received and for sale by

P F PESCUD.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

AYERS CHERRY PECTORAL.

A fresh supply of Ayers Cherry Pectoral just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

ALSO

A Large supply of Linseed Oil just to hand at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

BANK OF THE
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT on the Capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the last six months—payable at the Principal Bank on the first Monday in January next and at the Branches fifteen days thereafter.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Raleigh, December 11th, 1850. td 100
Star, Times, and Standard copy.

See R. R. R. R.*

To the Citizens of N. Carolina particularly.

WE can measure and furnish an entire suit of clothes (including coat, pantaloons, and vest,) at from 35 to $44; and will warrant them to be equal in all respects to any that can be furnished in the United States for that money. Gentlemen need no longer send out of the State for cheap Clothing, unless they prefer it.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Raleigh, Nov. 8. 1850. 90

* Royal Raleigh Ringtail Rousers.

SOUTHERN REGALIA DEPOT!

P. HORTON KEACH,
No. 91, Main Street, Richmond, Va.,

MANUFACTURER of Masonic, Odd Fellows, Sons of Temperance, Rechabites, American Mechanics, Druids, Red Mens, and all other societies *REGALIA, BANNERS, FLAGS, SIGNALS,* &c., also, *Costumes, Robes, Sashes, Jewels,* and all other Equipments on hand and made to order at short notice.

N. B.—Having secured the services of Mr. HENRY MESEKE, familiarly connected with the different orders, and well known in Baltimore as a *superior workman* in the above line, I am now prepared to compete with any establishment in the U. States, in either style, quality or price.

Orders from abroad respectfully solicited.

December 2nd, 1850.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE 18th Term of this School will commence on the Fourth day of January 1851, and continue 'till the 7th of June.

For a Circular containing full particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

ALDERT SMEDES, Rector.

December 4th, 1850 98

☞ Standard, Fayetteville Observer, Chronicle, Commercial and Journal, Wilmington, Newbernian, Watchman, Salisbury, N. S. Whig, Washington, Old North State, E. City, Petersburg Intelligencer, Norfolk Herald and National Intelligencer, will insert five times, and send their bill to A. S.

Livery Stables!

THE Subscribers, take occasion to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will carry on the business, in all its branches, at the same stand; and that no efforts nor expense will be spared on their part to accommodate the travelling community. Conveyances, with good horses and careful drivers, will be furnished at all times and at short notice; and in fact, every convenience for travelling, in the way of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

will be supplied on the most favorable and accomodating terms.

The Subscribers also expect to keep constantly on hand, good

HORSES, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &C.,
FOR SALE.

And persons wishing to put out their Horses by the week, or month, or year, will have them well attended to, at moderate prices. Their Stables are on Wilmington Street, just to the East of Market Square.

Hoping to receive liberal encouragement, the undersigned pledge themselves to do all in their power to merit public patronage and favor.

BUFFALOE & COOKE

FEMALE SEMINARY,
Warrenton, N. C.

THE ninth Term of this School will commence on the 15th of January 1851 and terminate the first week in November.

Terms as follows, per session of five months:

Board,	$50 00
English Tuition,	12 00
French,	10 00
German,	10 00
Music on Harp and use of instrument,	35 00
Music on Piano and use of instrument,	23 00
Music on Guitar and use of instrument,	20 00
Drawing and Painting,	10 00
Painting in oil colors,	15 00
Washing and Fuel,	6 00

Useful and Ornamental Needle work free of charge.

No extra charge whatever will be made. Books, Stationary, &c., furnished at the lowest retail prices.

It is particularly desirable that pupils should be present at the commencement of the session, as studies will then be arranged and classes formed.

All articles of clothing must be marked with the owners name in full.

A circular containing fuller information will be addressed to all persons who may desire it.

DANIEL TURNER.

Warrenton, January 1st, 1851. 5t—1

Stop the Runaway.

ON Thursday, the 26th, my boy ABE left my house as I supposed to take Christmas, a day or two, but have since found out that a white woman from my neighborhood has disappeared, and it is believed that they have both gone off together, or that she has taken him away under the pretence that he is her slave. The woman had a child some 12 months ago by this same boy, and from all circumstances connected, I have no doubt but she has taken him off.

The woman is about 28 years old, light hair, bony face, tolerably light eyes and has rather a down look, and weighs about 130 pounds. She is supposed to be in the family way at this time. Her name is Mary King, but what name she will assume is unknown.

Abe is about 5 feet 10 inches high, weighs about 160 or 165, has a scar on one of his hands next to his thumb caused by the bite of a hog; he is a black negro and well built, about 30 years old, his front teeth will give way by pressing them, and some two or three of them entirely gone. Sundry articles in the way of clothing, amongst which were a black cloth sack coat, a checkered gingham coat, one pair blue cassimere pants, with red stripes, one pair blue checked pants, and wore off a black silk Hat.

I will give a reward of twenty five dollars to any person that will arrest the said boy Abe and confine him in any Jail within this State or I will give a reward of one hundred dollars for the apprehension and confinement of said boy if taken without the State and the same reward will be given for the arrest and confinement of the said Mary King, if taken up beyond the limits of this Stat, if found in Company with the boy,

MATHEW McCAULEY.

Chapel Hill N. C., Dec. 28, 1850. 1 w3t

MUSIC STORE.

HAVING returned from the Northern cities, after making the most careful and choice collection in his line, the subscriber is now prepared to offer to the public a splendid assortment of Musical Merchandize, embracing

MUSIC,

a large and general assortment of the most popular and fashionable. New music constantly received from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and any piece not found in his catalogue can be procured in a week.

PIANOS,

from the best manufacturers of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and superior in workmanship and tone to any ever before offered in this or adjacent States for the same prices.

Seraphines and Accordeons, Violins, Violoncellos and Guitars.

A large and elegant assortment of the best Italian Strings Persons wishing to purchase either by the single string or bundle, will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Schools and Seminaries supplied with Music, Instruction Books, Strings, Music paper, &c., on the most reasonable terms. Also,

BRASS BAND INSTRUMENTS,

Blank Books for Bands, and Band Instruction Book; in short, every thing in the Music department commonly sought for and desired.

Call one door North of the City Hall, Fayetteville Street. K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, December 29th. 3t 1

Law School
AT
HILLSBORO' N. C.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 15th of January, 1851, and continue until the 7th of June, following.

Young gentlemen who are desirous of reading Law with the undersigned, will do well to attend at the first of the Session, so that they may be formed into the necessary classes. This will benefit the pupil, as well as lighten the labours of the teacher.

The one or the other of the instructors will have charge of the School nearly all the year, and during a portion of the time both will be here to give instruction.

Text-books can be had here at the prices charged by Mr. E. J. Hale, of Fayetteville.

Tuition fees for the whole course of legal instruction will be ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

J. L. BAILEY,
F. NASH.

Hillsboro', Dec. 31st, 1850. 1 2m

Inaugural Address of Gov. Reid,

Delivered before the two Houses of the General Assembly of North Carolina, the 1st day of January, 1851.

Senators and Members of the House of Commons:

Impressed with a deep sense of gratitude to my fellow citizens, I enter upon the duties of the station to which their kind partiality has called me, with the earnest invocation to Almighty God so to direct my official conduct as to promote the welfare, the prosperity, and the happiness of the people of the State. The duties of the Executive, at all times delicate and responsible, are magnified by the importance of the crisis; and I should approach the fearful task assigned me with greater reluctance, were it not for the fact that I find myself surrounded by the Legislative authority of the State, confided to gentlemen whose wisdom and patriotism, I doubt not, will be found equal to the emergency.

The misguided fanaticism of Abolitionists at the North threatens the overthrow of the Constitution and a dissolution of the Union. The Slavery question is one of momentous importance to the Southern States of the Confederacy, involving an incalculable amount of property, as well as the domestic peace and security of our people. In the formation of the federal Constitution the institution of Slavery was recognized and provided for in a manner just and satisfactory to all the States. Subsequently, this question deeply agitated the country, and the South made concessions to the North and submitted to the Missouri compromise, with the assurance and expectation that this exciting element of political strife was to be forever put to rest. After availing herself of all the advantages derived under that compromise, the North urged exorbitant demands, which led to the enactment of the series of compromise measures passed by the present Congress, by which the South lost important rights by again making concessions to the North. The North, having availed herself of all the advantages under this compromise, does not cease to agitate the subject; and now threatens to repeal the only one of the measures which enured to the benefit of the South, accompanied, in many instances, by violent threats to disregard the Constitution and the laws, and to forcibly resist their execution.

We have not been indifferent to the encroachments that have been made on our rights, yet we have patiently suffered them with the hope they would not be again renewed. We now have just cause to fear that this hope was illusive. North Carolina, one of the last States to enter the Confederacy, yields to none of her sisters in ardent attachment to the Union. She would regard its dissolution as an awful calamity, which she would avoid at any sacrifice consistent with her rights and her safety. She came into the Union to be governed by the federal Constitution, and to secure herself against tyranny and oppression; and so long as the Constitution is faithfully adhered to and her rights respected, she will be among the last of the States to desert the Union.—But she never gave her consent to enter into a Union which would overthrow the Constitution, violate her dearest rights, and manacle her with the fetters of oppression. To such a Union she owes no allegiance. A solemn sense of public duty impels me to declare, *that the encroachments of the North on the domestic institutions of the South, have already proceeded to the farthest allowable point.* Entertaining this opinion, I regard it as due to candor that we should make that fact known, that our brethren at the North may be fully informed that "we know our rights, and knowing, dare maintain them"; and that if they proceed in their aggressions, they must expect to meet the consequences.

In view of all the circumstances, I respectfully recommend to the General Assembly to provide—in the event of a contingency arising to justify it—for taking the necessary steps to maintain the Constitution of the United States and the rights of this State; that we may co-operate with such other States as may determine to stand by a Union governed by the compromises of the Constitution. Pursuing this course, we shall feel a proud consciousness of the rectitude of our cause, and be justified in the estimation of all impartial minds; and then, if the awful calamity must come—which God forbid!—let the consequences fall upon those whose madness and folly have provoked it.

That the rights of the States may be respected, the Constitution preserved, and the Union, according to the Constitution, perpetuated, is my ardent wish; and the Legislature and the people of the State may rely upon my hearty co-operation in such measures as may tend to the consummation of these desirable objects.

It is well worthy of consideration whether our police regulations in relation to slaves and free persons of color are sufficient; and also, whether the public interest does not require further legislation to more effectually ensure the apprehension and conviction of persons who endeavor to excite slaves to rebellion or insurrection, or who kidnap or persuade them to leave their owners, and more especially in cases where such offenders flee to other States.

A judicious system of Internal Improvements by the State has ever been regarded as an object of importance worthy of the consideration and action of the General Assembly. Cheap transportation could not fail to add to the wealth and convenience of all classes of our citizens, and to the prosperity of the State. There are various objects which claim the consideration of the Legislature. Feeling a deep interest in the prosperity of every part of the State, and believing that the members of the General Assembly, residing as they do in the various counties, will be fully prepared to give due consideration to the claims of every portion of the State, I do not feel myself called upon to decide between the peculiar merits of the many objects of public improvement which demand the patronage of the State. In carrying out a system of Internal Improvements a large expenditure of money is necessarily required, and it is not to be expected that a State can at once embark in all the schemes that are desirable.—Works of this description should be undertaken with due caution in regard to their practicability and the adequacy of the means of the State to complete them. As a general rule, I think the Legislature which authorizes the construction of works of Internal Improvement ought, at the same time, to provide for raising the means for their completion. Whether public opinion or the condition of the Treasury will justify the State at this time in embarking in other and new objects of improvement, and if so, to what extent, is a question which is submitted to the prudence and wisdom of the General Assembly. While a judicious system of Internal Improvements within the means and resources of the State, is desirable to all, yet a wild and extravagant one, involving the State in a large public debt without the prospect of a return of adequate advantages to the people, is to be deprecated. Such a system would, for a time at least, paralyze the spirit of improvement, and, with it, the prosperity of the State. The laws in force for carrying out works of Internal Improvement already provided for, and such others as the Legislature in its wisdom may hereafter provide for, so far as depends upon my action as Executive, shall be faithfully executed.

In a State like ours, where the popular voice directs and governs public affairs, education is a subject of general and paramount importance. It is therefore the policy of the State to foster and improve our system of Common Schools, so as to answer the laudable and beneficent purpose for which it is intended. In 1825, an act was passed setting apart certain sources of revenue for Common and convenient Schools, and providing for the distribution of its proceeds among the several Counties in proportion to the free white population in each, whenever in the opinion of the Legislature the same had sufficiently accumulated.—This fund did not sufficiently accumulate to put into operation a system of Common Schools, until the State received a considerable sum under the deposite act of Congress, the most of which sum, together with stocks belonging to the State, was transferred to, or invested for the use of, the Literary Fund. The State received this deposite from the General Government according to federal population, and the Assembly of 1836, which transferred these new acquisitions to the Literary Fund, expressly stipulated that they should be "subject at all times to the direction and control of the General Assembly." These accumulations had, in the opinion of the Legislature, sufficiently increased the fund to justify the commencement of a system of Common Schools; and in 1838, an act was accordingly passed. The act of 1840 provided that the nett annual income of the Literary Fund should be divided according *to federal population.* Since that time our School laws have been frequently revised and re-enacted, but every time retaining the principle of distribution according to federal population. Human ingenuity can devise no plan for the distribution of this fund that will not operate more favorably to some Counties than to others. Such a result is inseparable from the condition of the State; and it is believed that the present mode of distribution is, upon the whole, perhaps as just as any that could be adopted.—The difference in the amount received by the larger number of Counties in the States, whether the distribution be according to federal or white population, would be very inconsiderable. Slaves are owned in every part of the State, and each County shares alike in the distribution in proportion to its federal population. Federal population is not made the basis of education, but of the distribution of the fund for that purpose. This principle of distribution has, in a commendable spirit of compromise, been time after time settled by the Legislature. Is the agitation of this question never to cease? The great inconvenience we have to encounter in relation to our system of Common Schools, I apprehend, is not to be found in the mode of distribution, but in the adequacy of the fund and in the imperfect manner in which the Schools are regulated. And I submit whether, instead of continuing this agitation, which is calculated to arry one portion of the State against the other, our attention may not be more properly directed to the enlargement of the fund and its proper investment, and to the improvement and better regulation of the Schools themselves.

The question of Equal Suffrage has for some time past engaged public attention, and it is believed that a large majority of the people demand this Constitutional reform. The subject embraces the plain proposition, whether the right to vote for the Senate shall be extended to such persons as are at present entitled to vote for the House of Commons. It is not doubted but such voters are fully competent to exercise the right of Suffrage in choosing both branches of the General Assembly. To withhold this invaluable privilege from those whom it is proposed to place upon terms of equality at the ballot box, upon the ground that if they enjoyed the right they might abuse it, is an unjust reflection upon their virtue and intelligence, and is denying the fundamental principle upon which all free governments are based. This question embraces no proposition to encroach on the rights of the landholder, but to extend to a numerous and meritorious class of fellow citizens one of the dearest rights of American freemen.—It is gratifying to know that this question of extending the right of Suffrage has not arrayed the landholders against the non landholders, for such is the love of liberty and equality among our people, that both classes are found actively co operating in their efforts to carry out this question of Constitutional reform. Efforts have been made to connect with this question a change in the basis of representation. I do not think that either justice or public policy demands such a change. The Convention of 1835, in a spirit of compromise and concession, adopted taxation as the basis for the Senate and federal population as the basis of representation for the House of Commons. The Abolitionists at the North wish to destroy the basis of federal population upon which we are represented in Congress. Their course on this subject is viewed as dangerous and mischievous; and I regard a similar movement in relation to our representation in the State Legislature, however well intended, as fraught with equal mischief and danger. The federal basis consists of three-fifths of the slaves added to the whole number of free persons. The white basis would wholly exclude the computation of slaves in representation. Persons other than voters are properly represented. Although federal population prevails as a basis, yet slaves do not vote, nor do white females and minors; still they are represented. Slaves, although property, are persons, and subject to legislation in that two-fold character.

Every county in the State is interested in the slave question, and the State should have but one voice on this important subject. Experience has but too recently shown us the sad consequences resulting from the agitation of the slavery question between the different States of the Union.—Are these exciting scenes to be brought nearer home to us—to array one section of the State against another, and to destroy the good feeling, the peace and friendship which it is so desirable to cultivate between the various portions of the State! Let us forget that we are partizans, and bury this dangerous element of agitation, with the determination to unite our earnest exertions to promote the honor and prosperity of the State. Engrafting the white basis on Equal Suffrage would be an indirect, but a most certain and effectual mode of defeating the latter question. This must be obvious to every reflecting mind. Equal Suffrage, connected with a change of the basis, must fail; standing by itself, it must prevail.—This amendment to the Constitution may be passed by the present and succeeding Legislatures, and submitted to the people for ratification in the manner provided in the Constitution, without incurring the expense of calling a Convention. In the initiatory step, it requires a larger number of the members of the Assembly to call a Convention than to pass the amendment. The Conventional mode of effecting this reform weakens the question, while the Legislative mode does not, and therefore the latter is preferable. It is believed that the success of this measure will be promoted by being submitted and voted upon as an isolated question, without being connected with any other Constitutional amendment.

The election of Judges and Justices of the Peace by the people, and for terms less than for life, are questions of Constitutional reform, which I recommend to the favorable consideration of the General Assembly. There are other amendments to the Constitution that have attracted public attention, to which, I doubt not, you will give that degree of consideration which their importance demands.

In conclusion, permit me to remark that the General Assembly may rely upon my hearty co-operation in such measures as may tend to the prosperity and happiness of the people of the State.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 4.

Senate met according to adjournment.

Mr. T. R. Caldwell presented the memorial of sundry citizens of Caldwell county, in relation to the extension of the Central Rail Road—referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Cameron presented the memorial of Joseph Togno, concerning the cultivation of the Grape, which was referred to a Select Committee, consisting of Messrs. Cameron, Washington, Bunting, Clark and Nixon.

Mr. Washington from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill making certain trespasses on lands, criminal and indictable, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Barringer from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, to whom was referred the memorial from citizens of Cabarrus county, asking for certain volunteer companies in that county the privilege of electing Constables within their bounds, reported the same back, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Barringer from the same Committee, to whom had been referred the bill to lay off a county by the name of ————, out of parts of Buncombe and Yancey, reported the same back to the Senate, and recommended its rejection.

Mr. Barringer from the same Committee, reported a resolution in favor of Pulaski B. Williams, late Sheriff of the late county of Polk, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Barringer from the same Committee, reported a bill for the relief of Benjamin M. Lilly, late Sheriff of Pitt county, and recommended its passage.

On motion of Mr. Pender,

Resolved, That a Joint Select Committee be appointed to enquire into the pecuniary affairs of the Institute of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, and that they report in detail the items of expense attending the same, how much the Superintendant is paid, &c.

Mr. Cameron introduced a bill to increase the Revenue of the State. [This bill proposes an additional tax on Itenerant Brokers.]

Mr. Shepard a bill to extend the jurisdiction of Justices of Peace in certain cases—referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Bower a bill to establish a Superior Court of Law and Equity for Watauga county—referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Bynum a bill concerning trials in capital cases—referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Sessoms,

Resolved, That the Commitee on Judiciary be instructed to enquire whether the laws of the State have made any provision for the admission of private pupils of the State in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

On motion of Mr. Speight, the vote of yesterday, rejecting the bill for the improvement of the public roads, was reconsidered, and on motion of Mr. Caldwell, the bill was laid on the table.

The bill to incorporate the Western Mutual Insurance Company of North Carolina, was read second time and passed.

The Senate took up the bill for the more speedy administration of justice and proceeded to its consideration, and before the question was taken on the passage of the bill, it was on motion, postponed until Tuesday next.

A message was received from the House of Commons accompanied by a message from his Excellency the Governor, transmitting a communication from the Governor of South Carolina, relating to the call of a Southern Convention, and also a communication from the President of the Nashville convention in relation to the Slavery question, which, on motion of Mr. Drake, were ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Pender the Senate took a recess until ½ 3 o'clock.

3 ½ O'CLOCK.

Senate met according to adjournment and proceeded, in conjunction with the House of Commons, to the appointment of Justices of the Peace for the different counties in the State.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. R. M. Saunders, from the Committee on the Judiciary, introduced a bill to amend an act to establish the Bank of Fayetteville, passed at the late session of the General Assembly. Passed first reading. [Provides that said bank shall not issue notes under the denomination of three dollars.]

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr. A. M. Foster presented a memorial praying for the establishment of a new county by the name of Howard; which was referred.

Mr. G. W. Hayes, a memorial in relation to forming a volunteer regiment in the county of Cherokee. Referred.

Mr. McLean, a memorial from citizens of Ashe county, asking for the establishment of a new county. Referred.

Mr. Waugh, a petition asking that the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road may be extended through Salem, Bethania and Mt. Airy to meet the Virginia Turnpike near Mt. Airy.—Referred.

The Speaker presented a communication from Mr. James Graham, of Lincoln county, in relation to the Free Negroes in the State. Referred.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Patterson introduced a resolution proposing that from and after to day the House shall hold night sessions, commencing at 7 o'clock.

Mr. Drake moved to lay the resolution on the table; which motion was rejected—ayes 49, noes 53.

Mr. Cherry moved to amend the resolution by inserting Monday week.

After some discussion, in which Messrs. Drake, Avery and J. M. Leach opposed the original resolution, and Messrs. Stevenson, Holland and Jones supported it,

Mr. Steele moved to amend the amendment, by saying that from and after Monday next the House will take a recess at 1½ o'clock, and meet at 3½; which amendment was accepted by Mr. Cherry, and adopted.

The question was then taken on the resolution as amended, and it was adopted.

Mr. J. J. Williams presented a resolution appropriating $1000 for furnishing the Governor's house, under the direction of the Governor. Passed first reading.

On motion of Mr. Erwin, the House took up on the r 3rd reading, the resolutions offered by him on Thursday, in relation to an increase of the Tariff.

Mr. Rayner moved their indefinite postponement, and called for the ayes and noes.

The motion to postpone indefinitely was lost—ayes 25, noes 84.

The resolution then passed the third reading.

Mr. Love presented a resolution to pay the chain carriers in the survey of the Western Turnpike, $5 per month in addition to the pay heretofore allowed. Passed first reading and referred.

Mr. W. McNeill, a bill to improve the navigation of Raft Swamp Creek, in Robeson County; passed 1st reading.

Mr. Bogle, a bill to incorporate the town of Taylorsville, in Alexander County. Passed first reading, and was referred.

Mr. Marshall, a bill to divide the Regiment of Militia of Stokes County; also, a bill to divide the Regiment of Militia of Forsythe County—which passed their first reading.

On motion of Mr. R. M. Saunders, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to set apart this afternoon for appointing Justices of the Peace.

Mr. Wilson moved to take up the bill to prevent, during a part of each week, the fishing with seins in the mouth of rivers emptying into Albemarle Sound, which was agreed to, and by unanimous consent he withdrew it. He then offered a bill to prevent, during part of each week, the fishing with seins in or near the mouth of Perquimans River, and for other purposes; which passed its 1st reading.

A message was received from the Senate, proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee on the Deaf and Dumb Institution, to consist of 3 on the part of the Senate, and 5 on the part of the House, with instructions to examine and inquire into the pecuniary affairs of that institution, and that they report in detail the items of expense attending the same—*how* and *how much* the Superintendent of the Institution is paid—in what manner the *printing* and other mechanical establishments connected with the institution are supported, and how the proceeds thereof are disposed of; and all other matters which may be deemed pertinent to the subject. Agreed to.

Mr. Bogle introduced a resolution in favor of John A. Roseborough. Passed first reading and referred.

On motion of Mr. Steele, the House resolved itself into committee of the whole, Mr. Jones in the chair, and took up

THE SLAVERY RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Eaton, of Warren, addressed the committee in a lucid and very able speech in reply to Mr. Avery and Mr. Saunders. He said he would vote against the last resolution offered by the majority, because it was of doubtful constitutionality. He would vote for the 1st resolution offered by the minority; but the 2d, setting forth the doctrine of secession, he would not support. He sifted thoroughly the minority report, and sustained his position by the Constitution itself. In reply to Mr. Avery's remark that the United States had no citizens, he read from the Constitution of the United States, that the Representatives in Congress and the Senators must be citizens of the United States, that the President must be a native born citizen of the United States, and said he would tell the gentleman from Burke of what country he was a citizen. He is a citizen of Morganton, of the County of Burke, of the State of North Carolina, of the United States; and he would add, that he was an honor to them all! He, too, (Mr. E.) was a citizen of the United States, and he gloried in it. He felt as proud of that title as ever a Roman did that he was a citizen of Rome. In reply to Mr. Saunders, he admitted that the Kentucky Resolutions were written by Mr. Jefferson, and that they sustained, by implication, the doctrine of secession. But he added, they also sustain the doctrine of nullification—and therefore proved too much. They would lead the gentleman into the ranks of the Nullifiers, where he does not belong. He did not believe that the doctrine of Nullification could be forced upon a mind as strong as that of Mr. S. Mr. E. said that if he believed the doctrine of secession, he would not promulgate it at this time—it could do nothing but evil.

When Mr. Eaton had concluded, Mr. Dobbin took the floor, but said it was not his intention to address the Committee at the present time. If any gentleman wished to speak, he would yield the floor.

On motion of Mr. Fleming, the Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The House then took a recess.

THE AFTERNOON

Having been set apart for appointing Justices of the Peace, of course nothing transpired to interest our readers.

Plank Road Notice.

BOOKS of Subscription to the Greenville and Raleigh Plank Road Company will be opened on the 1st day of January next, and remain open thirty days, at the following places, viz:

At Washington under the direction of John Myers, B. F. Havens, James E. Hoyt, B. F. Hanks and Joseph Potts.

At Greenville, under the direction of Gould Hoyt, Charles Green, Edwin H. Gelett, Wm. Bernard, Sr. and Henry Bell.

At the town of Wilson, under the direction of Jonathan Rountree, John Farmer and Barron C. Watson.

At Eagle Rock, under the direction of T. R. Debnam, Wm. H. Hood and Needham Price.

At Raleigh, under the direction of Thomas D. Hogg, Wm. H. Jones and James T. Marriott.

Amount of shares $25. Two dollars on each share to be paid on subscribing.

JOHN MYERS,
JAMES E. HOYT,
JOSEPH POTTS,
BENJ F. HANKS,
B. H. HAVENS.

Washington, N. C., Dec. 29th, 1850. 2

Pepsin, the true Digestive Fluid,
Or Gastric Juice.

THIS is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, General Debility and Nervous Consumption, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own Agent, the Gastric Juice. For sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Raleigh, December 27th, 1850. 104

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.
At No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

BLACK French Cloth,
Black Doe Skin Cassimer,
Fancy Cassimeres—a good assortment,
Good and Common Vesting. Black Satin Vesting
Silk and Worsted Serge. Padding and Canvass,
Bed Blankets, various sizes and qualities,
White and Black Cotton Wadding,
Gentlemen's Merino Shirts and ½ Hose.
For sale low, by

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Oct. 28th, 1850. 87

DAILY REG

DAILY ISS

Sunday Morning,

☞ We have had but one No
Monday last, owing to the exce
state of the weather.

EDGEWORTH SCH

This School (Greensboro',) will
the 1st Monday in February, unde

LITERARY NOTI

Modern Society or the March
Conclusion of Modern Accompli
Catharine Sinclair.—Robert Car
New York.—Whoever has read t
story by this author, called Modern
and has noticed the different meth
education of the two little girls, wh
forms the staple of that work, wi
pleased to meet with its conclusio
mate fruit of the seed then sown
its fullest luxuriance, and the truth
the twig is bent, the tree's inclined
and proved.

We recommend this book especi
ingly interesting and attractive f
and important moral and religious
As great an attraction as any in t
flowing style in which it is written
in the good old fashioned way of
which one skims along, never remi
ance of labor or effort, that this w
than a pleasurable employment, a
any body could do as well which
perfection of writing for the peopl

The ease and elegance with whi
are managed, and the frequency
give the book altogether the air
each character speaks for himself
wearied by prosaic introductions
if there be any such things as an in
by one of the *persona dramatica*
politest style imaginable, and we
on talking with no sensible inter
gress of the play. The lovers of
appreciators of true wit, will find
bouchs which will, as old Burton
cockles of their hearts and lift up
spasmodic explosions of melanch
ter." In this particular, we cannot
works of Dickens, Thackeray, Jerro
great wits and humorists of the p
each witty only like himself; b
witty like every body else, and
character are altogether so natura
(if we may coin a word,) that we
them all.

A memoir of Lady Colquboun
ilton, D. D., New York.—Carter
tion, we have heard but one opin
is one of the most charming and
of the day. We know this to be
heartily commend it to the read
thing could be needed to give ad
a work of Dr. Hamilton, it would
union of humble piety, with high
pliances of wealth.

☞ (These books to be had at
olina Book Store.)

ADDITIONAL CENSUS

PITT CO.—Total pop.
"
Increase,
CURRITUCK CO.—Total pop.
"
Increase,
CHATHAM CO.—Total pop.
"
Increase,
ONSLOW CO.—Total pop.
"
Increase,
EDGECOMBE CO.—Estimated
CALDWELL CO.—Total pop.
ASHE " "
WILKES " "
WATAUGA " "

☞ His Excellency Gov. R
Thos. Settle, Jr., of Rockingha
Secretary.

Thomson's Bank Note
the public against receivi
coins. Spanish dollars a
which are such excellen
the ordinary tests with ac
They are of copper, thickl
ver and can only be dete

☞ W. W. Corcoran, of
& Riggs, bankers at Washi
ment agents under Mr. Polk
given $10,000 and a lot of
establishment of a house of
in the city of Washington
disinterested generosity.

to incorporate the town of
xander County. Passed first
ferred.
bill to divide the Regiment of
unty; also, a bill to divide the
of Forsythe County—which
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. R. M. Saunders, a message
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ting Justices of the Peace.
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which was agreed to, and by
he withdrew it. He then of-
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and 5 on the part of the House,
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that institution, and that they
items of expense attending the
w much the Superintendent of
id—in what manner the *print-*
hanical establishments connec-
ion are supported, and how the
e disposed of; and all other
y be deemed pertinent to the
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gh. Passed first reading and

Mr. Steele, the House resolved
e of the whole, Mr. Jones in
up
ERY RESOLUTIONS.
Warren, addressed the commit-
very able speech in reply to
. Saunders. He said he would
st resolution offered by the ma-
as of doubtful constitutionality.
r the 1st resolution offered by
the 24, setting forth the doc-
he would not support. He
the minority report, and sus-
by the Constitution itself. In
ry's remark that the United
ens, he read from the Constitu-
States, that the Representatives
he Senators must be citizens
ates, that the President must
citizen of the United States,
tell the gentleman from Burke
was a citizen. He is a citizen
the County of Burke, of the
rolina, of the United States; and
t be was an honor to them all!
was a citizen of the United
ried in it. He felt as proud of
Roman did that he was a citi-
reply to Mr. Saunders, he ad-
ntucky Resolutions were writ-
on, and that they sustained, by
Doctrine of secession. But he
ustain the doctrine of nullifica-
e proved too much. They would
into the ranks of the Nullifiers,
belong. He did not believe that
llification could be forced upon
as that of Mr. S. Mr. E. said
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said it was not his intention to
mittee at the present time. If
shed to speak, he would yield

Mr. Fleming, the Committee rose,
, and asked leave to sit again.
n took a recess.

THE AFTERNOON
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rse nothing transpired to inter-

Road Notice.

ubscription to the Greenville and
ank Road Company will be opened
January next, and remain open
e following places, viz:
under the direction of John My-
s, James E. Hoyt, B. F. Hanks and

nder the direction of Gould Hoyt,
Edwin H. Gelett, Wm. Bernard,
ell.
f Wilson, under the direction of
e, John Farmer and Barron C.

, under the direction of T. R. Deb-
ol and Needham Price.
nder the direction of Thomas D.
ons and James F. Marriott.
res $25. Two dollars on each share
scribing.

JOHN MYERS,
JAMES E. HOYT,
JOSEPH POTTS,
BENJ F. HANKS,
B. H. HAVENS.

N. C., Dec. 29th, 1850. 3

e true Digestive Fluid,
Gastric Juice.

ly wonderful remedy for Indiges
Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Gene-
Nervous Consumption, curing after
thod, by Nature's own Agent, the
For sale at the Drug Store of
ILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
mber 27th, 1850. 104

S, CASSIMERES, &C.
t No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

nch Cloth,
Skin Cassimer,
es—a good assortment,
non Vesting, Black Satin Vesting
d Serge, Padding and Canvass,
arious sizes and qualities,
k Cotton Wadding,
erino Shirts and ½ Hose.
for sale low, by

J. BROWN.
28th, 1850. 87

DAILY REGISTER.

DAILY ISSUE.

Sunday Morning, Jan. 5th.

☞ We have had but one Northern Mail since Monday last, owing to the exceedingly inclement state of the weather.

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL.

This School (Greensboro',) will be re-opened on the 1st Monday in February, under an able Faculty.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Modern Society or the March of Intellect—the Conclusion of Modern Accomplishments; by Miss Catharine Sinclair.—Robert Carter and Brothers, New York.—Whoever has read that beautiful little story by this author, called Modern Accomplishments, and has noticed the different method employed in the education of the two little girls, whose childish history forms the staple of that work, will surely be much pleased to meet with its conclusion, where the legitimate fruit of the seed then sown is brought forth in its fullest luxuriance, and the truth of the adage, "as the twig is bent, the tree's inclined," fully developed and proved.

We recommend this book especially for the exceedingly interesting and attractive form in which high and important moral and religious truth is inculcated. As great an attraction as any in the book, is the easy flowing style in which it is written; a plain story told in the good old fashioned way of telling stories, over which one skims along, never reminded by any appearance of labor or effort, that this writing was any other than a pleasurable employment, and feeling that he or any body could do as well; which we think is the very perfection of writing for the people.

The ease and elegance with which the conversations are managed, and the frequency of their recurrence, give the book altogether the air of a drama, where each character speaks for himself, and we are not wearied by prosaic introductions descriptive of each; if there be any such thing as an introduction, it is done by one of the *persona dramatica* in the easiest and politest style imaginable, and we shake hands and go on talking with no sensible interruption of the progress of the play. The lovers of merriment and all appreciators of true wit, will find here many a *bonne bouche* which will, as old Burton hath it, "warm the cockles of their hearts and lift up the diaphragm in spasmodic explosions of melancholy-banishing laughter." In this particular, we cannot compare it with the works of Dickens, Thackeray, Jerrold, Holmes and other great wits and humorists of the present day, who are each witty only like himself; but Miss Sinclair is witty like every body else, and her delineations of character are altogether so natural and every *dayish*, (if we may coin a word,) that we feel as if we knew them all.

A memoir of Lady Colquhonin, by James Hamilton, D. D., New York.—Carters'.—Of this publication, we have heard but one opinion, namely, that it is one of the most charming and useful biographies of the day. We know this to be true, and as such we heartily commend it to the reading public. If any thing could be needed to give additional currency to a work of Dr. Hamilton, it would be found in the rare union of humble piety, with high rank and all the appliances of wealth.

☞ (These books to be had at Turner's North Carolina Book Store.)

ADDITIONAL CENSUS RETURNS.

Pitt Co.—Total pop.	1850,	13,436
"	1840,	11,806
Increase,		1,636
Currituck Co.—Total pop.	1850,	7,505
"	1840,	6,703
Increase,		802
Chatham Co.—Total pop.	1850,	18,405
"	1840,	16,242
Increase,		2 163
Onslow Co.—Total pop.	1850,	8,743
"	1840,	7,527
Increase,		1,215
Edgecombe Co.—Estimated increase,		2,000
Caldwell Co.—Total pop.	1850,	6,319
Ashe " " "		8,701
Wilkes " " "		12,104
Watauga " " "		3,101

☞ His Excellency Gov. Reid has appointed Mr. Thos. Settle, Jr., of Rockingham County, his Private Secretary.

Thomson's Bank Note Reporter cautions the public against receiving Spanish silver coins. Spanish dollars are in circulation which are such excellent counterfeits that the ordinary tests with acids are of no avail. They are of copper, thickly coated with silver and can only be detected by filing.

☞ W. W. Corcoran, of the firm of Corcoran & Riggs, bankers at Washington, and Government agents under Mr. Polk's administration, has given $10,000 and a lot of ground towards the establishment of a house of refuge, or *poor-house*, in the city of Washington. Truly an act of disinterested generosity.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

(REPORTED FOR THE REGISTER.)

FOREIGN NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4th, 1850.

Niagara arrived at Halifax, 12 o'clock, yesterday, completely imbedded in ice.—She brings 41 passengers.

Cotton advanced ⅛ to ¼. Liverpool, 21st. Sales for the week 65,000 bales.

Provisions scarce; prices firmer. Lard advanced. Trade at Manchester and other manufacturing places, good. Money abundant. Sugar, coffee and tobacco, firm.

Small German States are using means to form a league to guard against apprehended imposition.

Accounts from Paris state that Lafitte and Palmerston have agreed that if the approaching Conference at Dresden attempt a territorial change affecting the arrangements made by Vienna, France and England will interfere.

Naval stores without change.

Congress, to-day, engaged in considering the postage reform law.

THAT CANNON.—We are informed that a gentleman who lately arrived from California brought with him a veritable *cannon*, whether of gold or brass, the "*report*" has not yet been made known. There is said to be something remarkable in the history of that cannon, which we are not at liberty now to make public. We may state, however, that the owner intends presenting it either to Barnum or Gen. Quattlebum. Let all concerned look out.

"Zeb," said a chap to his chum the other day, 'seems to me you didn't stay long at Squire Folger's last night?' 'No,' was the reply, 'I was sayin' a few pleasant things to the daughter, and the old man came in, and gave me a hint to go." "A hint, Zeb, what sort of a hint?" "Why, he gave me my hat, opened the door, and just as he began to raise his heavy boot, I had a thought that I wasn't wanted, and so I—I—took my leave."

New Store and New Goods!

RALEIGH N. C.

Two Doors above Richard Smith's
Old Stand,

ALEXANDER CREECH, takes great pride and pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Raleigh, and the surrounding Country, that he has just received from the North, and now opened for sale and inspection, a STOCK OF GOODS selected by himself with great care and with an eye single to the wants of his friends and customers. A stock that will favorably compare with any stock in the State, and which he is determined to sell at such unprecedented low prices, that all he desires is to give him a call to ensure a sale. His goods were bought for sale and not to grace his shelves, and all he asks is to give him a very small advance on Northern prices.

If you wish bargains, call at his Store two doors above Mr. R. Smith's corner and next door to Messrs. A. B. Stith's & Co's Auction and Commission Store.

HisStock consists in part of the following:

For the Ladies,

A large and varied assortment of beautiful Print of latest Styles, Black and figured Alpaccas, Ca hmeres, Plain and figured Muslin Delaines, Ginghams, Jacconet and plain Cambric, Swiss and Book Muslin, Bonnat, Belt, Cap and Taffiry Ribbons, Velvet Trimmings, Thead and Cotton Lace and edgings, Linen and Cambric H'k'fs, Cotton, Silk and Pongee H'k's, Plain and figured Bobinet, a beautiful assortment of Shawls, very low, a large and varied assortment of Hosiery for Ladies, Misses, and Infants, a well selected assortme t of Ladies and Misses Shoes and Gaiters, and a great variety too tedious to mentio., such as are usually found in similar well selected assortments.

For the Gentlemen.

Black French cloths and Cassimeres, Fancy ditto, Tweedes, some very heavy Woollen Tweedes, Kentucky Jeans, Sattinets, Black and fancy Satin Vestings, Merino assorted, Woollen Vesting very low, Flannel, all wool, Bleached Shirting and Sheeting, Bleached and unbleached Jeans, a large assortment of Fancy Cravats, very low, a good assortment of gentlemen's Hosiery and Gloves, Blankets uncommonly low, Silk, Moleskin, California and other styles of Hats, Cloth and Silk Plush Caps, Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, Boys and Negroe's do, Cotton Cards, Umbrellas, &c, &c.

Do give him a call and you will not regret it.

ALEX. CREECH.
Raleigh, Oct. 26th 1850. 86 6t

FRESH ARRIVALS
SEMI-WEEKLY.

HARDING & CO. will receive new goods twice a week during the entire season, direct from the Manufactory. By this arrangement, purchasers will always find something new and attractive by examining their Stock. As for Bargains, Gents, you cant begin to buy as cheap elsewhere. Call and examine yourselves

Under the Telegraph Office,
Fayetteville street.
Raleigh, Nov. 14th, 1850 92

LAMP OIL.

PURE Sperm and Common Lamp Oil just received and for sale at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
Dec. 27th, 1850. 1

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS,
Grocers and Commission Merchants
Old Street, Petersburg, Va.,

KEEP always on hand a large and well assorted supply of Groceries, and pay particular attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, and all other kinds of produce.

LEMUEL PEEBLES,
THOMAS WHITE,
PETER R. DAVIS, Jr.
Petersburg July 20 58 1y

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly, now in Session, to incorporate a Savings Bank, to be located in the town of Jackson, Northampton County.
Nov. 26th. 1850, 96 4w

BECKWITH'S ANTI-BILIOUS
PILLS.

THOSE who desire an article prepared of highly Anti-Bilious properties, without Mercury, will not be disappointed in the use of these valuable Pills.—None are genuine without the written signature of the proprietor. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by
P. F. PESCUD.

TAR RIVER ACADEMY.

THIS School will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on the 1st Monday of February, 1850. The academy is located 9 miles west of Oxford, in a neighborhood proverbially healthy, and the pupils will have every facility to attend divine worship, as there is both a Baptist and Presbyterian Church within one mile of the Academy.

The trustees have secured the services of Jesse Smith, a Gentleman of considerable experience as a Teacher and well qualified to prepare boys for College. The trustees are determined to sustain a good School in the neighborhood—all of them having children of their own to educate, and have therefore put tuition at the following very low rates:

Spelling, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic	$5 per session
English Grammar and Geography,	$7 50 do
The higher branches of English,	$10 do
The Languages,	$12 50 do

Good board can be had in highly respectable Families at $5 per month. Any information with regard to said School may be had, by addressing Lewis P. Allen, Tar River Post office, Granville County N. C.
December 4th, 1850. 99 wtd

BRILLIANT LOTTERIES.
J. W. Maury & Co., Managers.
FOR JANUARY, 1851.

$50.000!
$20,000! $10,000!
10 PRIZES OF $1,000!
VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY.
For the benefit of Monongalia Academy,
Class No. 5, for 1851,
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va., on Saturday,
January 11th, 1851.

13 DRAWN NUMBERS OUT OF 66!
(Nearly as many Prizes as Blanks!)
Splendid Scheme!

1 Prize of 50,000, 1 of 10,000, 8 of 10,000, 1 of 5,000, 1 of 2,940, 1 of 2,000, 10 Prizes of 1,000.
&c. &c. &c.
Tickets $15—Halves $7,50—Quarters $3,75—Eighths $1,87½.

Certificates of packages of 22 Whole tickets			140 00
Do.	do.	of 22 Half	70 00
Do,	do.	of 22 Quarter	35 00
Do.	do.	of 22 Eighth	17 50

Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us.

J. W. MAURY & CO.
Alexandria, Va.

PHOSGENE GAS AND BURNING
FLUID.

A SUPPLY this day received and for sale at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
December 26th, 1850. 1

SUGARS.—
125 hhds fair to prime Sugars.
175 bbls clarified, crushed and powdered do.
75 boxes loaf Sugar, for sale by
PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.
Petersburg, July 22 1850. 59

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, at the expiration of three months from this date, for the issue of a new certificate for 21 shares of the stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns, dec'd in the stead of one lost.

Application will also be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of the State of North Carolina at the expiration of three months, for the issue of a new Certificate for 10 shares of the Stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns dec'd., in the stead of one lost.

E. B. BURNS, Ad'm'r.
Dec. 20th, 1850. 103

Classical and Mathematical
SCHOOL.
Hillsborough, N. C

THE exercises of the Caldwell Institute having been discontinued, the subscribers will open a School on the 14th day of January, 1851, in the building lately used by that institution, under their own control and direction.

The course of instruction will be such as to prepare young men thoroughly for the Sophomore class in College, or when a College course is not intended, for the business transactions of life.

The strictest attention will be given to the moral deportment of the students, and if long experience in the education of youth be a ground of confidence to those who may patronize the School, we promise to use that experience to promote the best interests of those who may be committed to our charge.

Terms in the Classical and Mathematical department, $20; and in English $15 a session in advance.

ALEX. WILSON
RALPH H. GRAVES.
Hillsboro', Dec., 21st, 1850. 103

House and Sign Painting.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to execute in a workman-like manner, all kinds of *PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.*

Glazing, Guilding, imitation of all kinds of Marble and every variety of wood.

All orders left at Mrs. Hardie's, opposite the Market House, will receive prompt attention.

WHITLOCK & HARDIE.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1850. tf 74

WANTED TO HIRE!

A Good Nurse, for whom liberal wages will be given if application, be made immediately. Apply at this Office.
Dec., 13th, 1850. tf 101

O *CALF SKINS, LINING, &c.*
L. BURCH keeps constantly on hand, Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Shoe finding, &c. &c.
Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Heartt & Litchford

DEALERS IN STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
Fancy Articles, &c. &c.

HAVE received nearly their entire Stock of Fall and Winter Goods—to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and customers, and the public generally, and all of which are offered on the most reasonable terms.
Raleigh, Oct. 14th, 1850. 83

WHITE WASH BRUSHES.

A LARGE supply of various sizes, just received and for sale low.
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
Raleigh April 23d 1850. 33

BUSINESS COATS.

125 CHEAP TWEED COATS, at a very low price.
E. L. HARDING & CO.
Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

Just received by Express, this day, a lot of fine French Merinos, assorted colors; ALSO, a lot of Jenny Lind Trimmings.
EVANS & WILLIAMS.
Oct. 21st, 1850. 85

New Music Book.

CANTICA LAUDIS, or the American book of Church Music. By Lowell Mason and Geo. Webb.

ALSO
THE HOME ALTAR.

AN Appeal in behalf of Family Worship, with Prayers and Hymns, for family use. By the Rev. Charles F. Deems.

H. D. TURNER.
Nov. 8th, 1850. 90

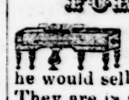
Young Ladies Institute,
SALISBURY, N. C.
Rev. Professor Morgan Principal,

IS amply furnished for the reception and comfort of 30 boarding pupils, and for their instruction in all the studies of a liberal and ornamental education, at an expense of 130 to 200 dollars a year, ending a June. Circulars sent to applicants.
Nov. 11th, 1850. 1m 91

RANGERS NOTICE.

TAKEN up and entered on my Stray Book according to law, by Michael Walter living six miles north of the Court House of the County of Cabarrus and town of Concord, a stray horse of the following description: age supposed to be 12 or 13 years; color rather a chesnut sorrel; height 17 hands, shed round, with a roached mane. Said stray was appraised on the 22nd day of November, 1850, to the sum of $20. JOHN MEANS, Ranger.
Dec. 9th, 1850. 99

FOR SALE OR RENT.



THE Subscriber has on hand, several second-handed Pianos, which he would sell low for *cash*, or rent by the month.—They are in good repair, mostly modern style, with six Octaves. W. WHITAKER.
Raleigh, Dec. 21, 1850. 103

UNION HOTEL.
San Francisco, CALIFORNIA.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT has been recently fitted up, in Pacific St., near Sansome, which is convenient to the business parts of the City, also to the City Hall, and other public buildings; and within a few minutes walk of the principal Steamboat landings.

The Proprietor, from his long experience in the business in the City of New York, (having been connected with Lovejoy's Hotel for several years) feels confident that those who may visit his House will find there the comforts of a home.

GEORGE BROWN,
Proprietor.
San Francisco, Aug. 1850. 72 9w

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANnounce T. M. OLIVER, Esq., as a Candidate for Commissioner in the Eastern Ward, at the ensuing Municipal Election, on the 3rd Monday in January.
Dec. 30, 1850. 1 to

MACCARONI.

ANOTHER Supply just received and for sale by R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh, Dec. 31st, 1850. 1

L. B. WALKER.

HARD to beat for the accommodation of the citizens of Raleigh, would say that he has in his employ two as good workmen as can be procured anywhere. He has been at considerable expense in the Baking business, and will do all in his power to give satisfaction. It is with the citizens to say, whether or not a Bakery should be supported. At any rate, he will give the business a fair trial this Winter.
November 15th, 1850. 93

GENTLEMEN'S HATS.
FALL STYLE FOR 1850.

SOMETHING entirely new and decidedly elegant. Call and examine.
R. TUCKER & SON.
August 26th, 1850. 69

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE.

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of announcing to the people of North Carolina, that he intends to open in this City, in December next,

A MUSIC STORE,

where will always be found a complete assortment of Foreign and American Music, and Musical Instruments; all of which will be selected by himself.

The Pianos will be from the best Manufactories in the United States, and will be sold at New York and Philadelphia prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1850. 89 tf

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, having made arrangemen with Mrs. Frances Wilson of Norfolk, will be in the receipt of a regular supply of the finest

Norfolk Oysters,

together with fresh fish, smoked beef, beef tongues, and other rare luxuries, and he flatters himself, by using his best exertions to please, to receive a liberal support.

His regular supply of Oysters will commence about the 1st of November, and continue through the season.

He has engaged a part of **Mr. Willis Scott's** house on the corner of Market Square and Wilmington Street, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of Mrs. Wilson's former friends and customers.

H. J. POWELL.

Raleigh, October 25th, 1850.

BUSINESS COATS.

100 MORE of those desirable Coats; just opened—at the low price of $4 50.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Nov. 15th, 1850. 92

Wanted.

A GOOD House-maid. Enquire at this office.

Raleigh, Aug. 6th, 1850. 63 3t

FORWARDING.

I WILL attend to the forwarding of all Goods at Wilmington and Fayetteville, at the usual commission; and will, in all cases, forward by first boat without reference to *lines*. All orders for purchasers will be strictly attended to. Direct to care of

W. BRANSON,
Fayetteville and Wilmington.

April16, 1850. 31 tf

English, Goshen, and Parmesan Chees, just to hand

R. TUCKER & SON.

Raleigh September 21st, 1850. 76

MYER'S CELEBRATED CHEWing Tobacco; Imported Cigars of different Brands. Just received by

R. TUCKER & SON.

October 8th, 1850. 81

JENNY LIND SLIPPERS.

JUST received, and for sale by

O. L. BURCH.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Valuable Land for Sale.

A Valuable Tract of Land containing 208 acres lying between four and five miles West of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek, and adjoining the land of Rev. Thos. Meredith and others, will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

M. A. BLEDSOE.

Raleigh, August 17, 1850. 66

PRIME SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

And the best Imported Cigars,

MAY BE FOUND AT

HENRY KEIM'S

GENERAL VARIETY STORE,

First Corner North of Yarbrough House,

And opposite Lawrence's Hotel,

Keeps on hand a good assortment of Useful, Fancy and Ornamental Articles, Confectionaries, Groceries.

1 Doz. Guitars, on hand, from $1 to $35.
4 Doz. Violins, from $1 to $25.
A Variety of Accordeons.

HENRY KEIM.

Nov. 24th, 1850. 95

NEGRO CLOTHING.

WE have a large assortment of Negro Clothing, all kinds of Jackets, Over Coats, Pants and Vests, that we will sell cheaper than the goods can be purchased, much less to have them made. To which we invite the heads of families who have their ervants to supply.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Oct. 12, 1850. 82

N. PERRY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

SYCAMORE STREET,
3 doors above Bank, PETERBURG, Va.

SUPERIOR
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
GENTLEMEN'S
UNDER DRESS.

SHIRTS, COLLARS,
CRAVATS, STOCKS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SUSPENDERS,
UMBRELLAS. TRUNKS, &c.

September 8th, 1850. 73 tf.

TO PAINTERS.

The Painter, Gilder, and Varnisher's Companion.

CONTAINING Rules and Regulations in Everything relating to the Arts of Painting, Gilding, Varnishing and Glass Staining.

H. D. TURNER.

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

NO. 2, Vol. 11, S. C. Reports, being the decisions at the August Term, has just been issued rom this Office.

November 26th, 1850. ot

BANK OF THE STATE
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the first Monday in January next, at their Banking House in this City.

C. DEWEY Cashier.

Raleigh Nov: 30th, 1850 td 97

SARATOGA WATER.

IN Quarts and Pints, just received and for sale a the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

2000 Acres of Land.

THE Subscriber is desirous of selling his land lying within three miles of Raleigh, on both sides of the road to Fayetteville.

The above land is well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Tobacco or Cotton, is well watered and healthy, and can be advantageously divided into three or four tracts, to suit small farmers, or residences for persons from the lower country.

Notes at interest, or Young Negroes will be received in Payment.

Persons desirous of seeing the above land will call on the Subscriber, or, in his absence, his Brother on the Premises.

JOSEPH T. HUNTER.

Sept, 23rd, 1850. 6w 77

S. F. PHILLIPS,

ATTENDS THE COURTS in the Counties of Orange, Alamance, Wake and Chatham.

apel ChHill, N. C., May 24, 1849. 24

TEA! TEA! TEA!

IMPERIAL, Young Hyson and Gunpowder, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Nov. 21st, 1850. 94

TO INVALIDS.

AT Pescud's Drug Store you may find Old London Dock Brandy, Porter, Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, selected expressly for Medicinal purposes. Also, Capsules of Copaiba and Cubebs, Castor Oil Capsules, Tarrants, Marshalls and Carpenters Ex'ts of Copaiba Cubebs, &c., and all the most popular Patent Medicines in use.

Nov, 21st. 94

CLOTHING BAZAAR.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Fashionable Clothing,

AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber enters the field of competition with a large and well selected assortment of all the new styles of Fashionable Garments for the Fall and Winter Trade. Determined to maintain the increasing reputation of the 'Clothing Bazaar,' every effort has been made to produce styles of Clothing well adapted to this market; from the very lowest price to the finest quality of Clothing. Customers can depend upon finding our garments well made, however low the price.

Merchants are invited to examine our stock, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in the trade.

The fancy Department is full, embracing English French and Italian Cravats, Gloves, Suspenders, Shirts, Collars, &c, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by

N. PERRY.

Petersburg, Sept 8th. 1850, tf 73

SELF-PROTECTORS,
TO TRAVELLERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS

The greatest modern Improvement in Fire-Arms.

ELF-COCKING & SELF-REVOLVING POCKET PISTOLS.

DAILY EXPECTED, a large importation of fine Guns, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot-Bags, Bird-bags, &c., &c., all which will be sold low.

C. B. ROOT.

MUSTARD.

ENGLISH, French and American, of superior quality. WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

v 21st, 93

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

THE Members of the Legislature and others who want superior **Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,** are requested to try the supply just received by

P. F. PESCUD.

Nov. 21st. 94

Pleasant Grove Academy,

FRANKLIN COUNTY,
North Carolina.

THE Exercisss of this Institution will commence on Monday, the 6th of January next, under the charge of Mr. Edwin L. Barrett, a gentleman eminently qualified to instruct in all the branches taught in preparatory schools. The Academy will be neat and comfortable, situated about 200 yards from the residence of the subscriber, known to be one of the most healthy locations in the State, and equidistant from Louisburg and the Shocco Springs.

Board can be had with the Subscriber, at $6,50 per month, and also in the families of Mr. Joseph J Jones, Mr. Thomas Person, Mrs Elizabeth Branch and others, all convenient to the Academy, at the above rates.

Parents and guardians may rest assured, that every attention will be paid, both to the morals and literary pursuits of the students; and owing to the healthiness of the situation, the purity of the water and the morality of the neighborhood, the public and particularly those living in the lower country, would do well to give this institution a trial.

TUITION PER SESSION.

For the Languages, and higher English branches,	$15
Lower English branches,	10

Address the Subscriber, Louisburg, N. C.

WM. J. BRANCH.

December 1st, 1850. 4tw 99

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

CONSISTING of Jackets and Pantaloons, attached and detached Over Coats, &c. To which we invite the attention of the Ladies.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

October 14. 84

NOTICE,

Is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned to the present Legislature, for relief on account of injuries sustained on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road.

MARY W. FULLER.

Dec. 21, 1850. 103

To my Town & Country friends.

THE Subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his Town and Country friends to his stock of Family Groceries, which he is determined to sell on as good terms as any one in the place. Among his stock may be found.

80 Bbbls. best Petersburg Flour—whole and half barrels.
2 Hhds. Bright and Dry P. R. Sugar,
5 bbls do do N. O. do
6 do Crushed do
5 do Clarified do
4 do Pulverized do
1 Package best Loaf do
Rio, Laguira and Java Coffe,
Imperial and Black Tea, a fine artiele,
Tallow, Adamantine and Sperm candles,
Washing and Fancy Soaps,
Crane's Wash mixture—a superior artiele,
A fine lot imported segars—different brands,
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather; and many artieles in the Grocery and Confectionary line.

Give me a call, and I am determined not to be undersold by Jew or Gentile.

L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Nov. 7th 1850. 91

National Hotel.

NO. 5 COURTLAND STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT having passed into the hands of Mr. Geo. Seeley, formerly of the Eastern Pearl St. House, has been recently improved by the addition of

FORTY NEW ROOMS.

And has also been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished for the accomodation of the Public.

It is the aim of the Proprietor to render the **NATIONAL** quite equal to any of its cotemporaries in all those essentials that contribute to the reputation of a well conducted and well ordered Hotel.

The House is of the largest size, eligibly located, within three doors of Broadway, and in all respects conveniently arranged to promote the comfort and convenience of Guests. Persons visiting New York are respectfully invited to make their home at this Hotel during their stay in the City

GEORGE SEELEY,
Proprietor.

New York, June 28, 1850. 53 6m

To Physicians, Chemists &c.

THE Subscribers offer Physicians a large and well selected assortment of pure

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

They would also invite the attention of Chemists and Lecturers to their stock of

Pure Re-agents Chemicals and Chemical Wares.

Priced Catalogues furnished upon application, post-paid.

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
6th and Arch Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

September 1st, 1850. 6m- 71

C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
Charleston, s. C.

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and those who purchase Dry Goods, in their city, that they are now prepared to offer a large, choice and well assorted Stock of **Foreign and Fancy Dry Goods.**

As they receive the bulk of their Goods, *direct* from European Ports, they feel assured of being able to compete successfully with any other Market in the United States.

209 King, North West Corner of King and Mar-
August 24th, 1850. w3m

WORKS BY THE REV. C B TAYLOR.

RECORDS of a good Man's Life,
Margaret, or the Pearl.
Scenes in a Clergyman's life,
Earnestness.

H. D. TURNER.

Nov. 12th, 1850. 91

MERINO DRAWERS AND SHIRTS.

10 Dozen just at hand, Very cheap.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Superior Family Flour, made at Col. Thomas McGehee's Mill.

For Sale by

R TUCKER & SON.

Ladies Shoes and Slippers.

JUST received, by Express, direct from the manufactory.

Ladies Kid and Morocco Walking Shoes, (Ties and Buskins,)
do do and do Slippers.

ALSO ON HAND.

100 pieces Light and Dark Calico,
Bleached and Brown Shirtings and Sheetings,

With a general assortment of

Dry Goods.	Hats and Shoes,
Lawns and Ginghams,	Groceries,
Cambries and Jaconetts,	Crockery.

For sale, low, by

J. BROWN,
No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, August 6th, 1850. 63

Sedgwick Female SEMINARY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Spring term of this Institution will open on Tuesday the first day of January, 1851.

TERMS per session of five months (payable in advance.)

Board and English Tuition,	$60,00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20.00
Use of Instruments,	3.00
Latin and French, each,	10,00
Incidental expenses,	1.00

MRS J. J. FINCH, Principal.

November 2 1850. 4t 96

Notice.

THE Subscriber has determined to locate in this City, and having procured a sufficient number of competent assistants, is prepared to execute in the most finished Style, all kinds of

PAINTING, GLAZING, AND RE-GLAZING

Orders from the City or surrounding Country, if left at the Drug Store of P. F. Pescud, will be promply executed and satisfaction guarantied.

Reference as to ability, character, &c., will be given to all who may wish to patronise him.

WM. M. OVERBY.

Raleigh May 20, 1850. 41

Soldiers Claims.

THE undersigned having much experience and success in the business, still takes military claims for Bounty lands and Pensions for prosecution before the government, on very reasonable terms, and with the utmost faithfulness and dispatch. All letters to him, from claimants, must be postage paid.

☞ The last Congress gave lands to all the officers and Soldiers who served one month or longer, and if dead, to their widows and minor children, in all the wars of the United States, since 1790.

And provision is now also made for pensions Widows of Soldiers of the Revolution, who married before the year 1800.

He can furnish information concerning the grades of officers of the Revolutionary War, which is all important to claimants, and difficult to procure elsewhere. His charges will be moderate.

*** Any information concerning the heirs of the following officers of the Revolution will be thankfully received, viz:

Thomas Clark,	James Hogan,
Alexander Martin,	Wm. Davis,
James Martin,	John White,
James Moore,	Joshua Boman.

He can also furnish a copy of the rolls of the Officers and Soldiers of the State of North Carolina in the war with Great Britain, declared 18th of June 1812, giving in many instances the length of service, their respective offices and Regiments; the time of entering the service ☞ also the deserters, and every particular to facilitate the Collection of their Claims. ☞ Every agent should have a copy. Cost —only $10 each county!

J. H. KIRKHAM,
Raleigh N. C.

Raleigh, November 1st, 1850. 88

☞ Standard copy.

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS,

And the Public Generally.

HAVING associated with me in the Clothing business, Mr. Silvester Smith, it will henceforward be conducted under the firm of J. J. Biggs & co. Mr. Smith has been long known as a Merchant Tailor, but is now turning his attention to the Ready Made business, and it is the design of the New firm, to keep up a large assortment of all kinds of

Ready Made Clothing,

Our Stock of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, will also be kept up, a beautiful assortment of which is now being opened, embracing all the latest styles.

Mr. PEACH will attend to the Cutting Department, as heretofore.

J. J. BIGGS.

Raleigh, Oct. 18th 1850. $ 461

New Goods!

SEPTEMBER, 1850.

Peebles, Scott & White,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.

WE beg leave to announce to our friends and customers that we are now in possession of our stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing a general assortment of the most fashionable style of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, suited to the Fall and Winter Trade.

We respectfully solicit an examination of our assortment by Country Merchants, as well as those buying at retail.

Our stock is large and commodious. In it will be found all the leading articles usually kept in a Fashionable Dry Goods Store.

PEEBLES, SCOTT & WHITE.

Sept. 22nd, 1850. 77

HOUSE PAINTING.

THE undersigned having purchased JERRY, well known as an excellent and skilful

House Painter,

hereby gives notice, that he will hire him out by the day or job, on liberal terms. Persons desiring his services will please apply to Mills H. Brown, in this place, or to the subscriber, at Fish Dam, Wake.

CALVIN J. ROGERS.

Dec, 21st, 1850. 2m 103

BLAKE'S

Patent Fire Proof Paint.

☞ This most singular substance, in a few months after applied, turns to *Slate or Stone*, forming a complete coat of Mail, protecting whatever is covered from the action of Fire and Weather. It has now been tested more than six years and shows that TIME and the ELEMENTS only seem to *indurate* or *harden* the substance; it seems to be a perfect desideratum for all outside painting that has for centuries been sought in vain. For all descriptions of buildings, either Brick, Wood, or roofs of Wood or Metal, there is nothing equal to it. So highly are its Fire proof qualities appreciated in Akron, Ohio, where it is best known, that all the Insurance Companies have published that they will Insure Buildings well covered with it at a much lower premium than those covered with Tin or Zinc, as it has been tried in several fires there and stood much longer than either. For Rail Road Depots Bridges, Steamboat and Car decks, for all kinds of Iron, it forms a coating nearly as hard as the Iron itself and never cleaves off.

A large supply just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

Dec, 3rd, 1850. 97

J. HENRY HARRISS,

UPHOLISTERER AND MATTRESS MAKER.

WOULD respectfully inform the Public, that he constantly keeps on hand a supply of the best Bed Mattresses of all kinds—including the much approved SHUCK AND COTTON MATTRESS, which will be found a perfect luxury, either in Summer or Winter. Also,

SOFAS, LOUNGES, EASY CHAIRS, &c.,

manufactured in every style to order.

Repairing of all kinds done at the shortest notice and all work warranted to be done in the best and most workmanlike manner.

N. B. The public will please bear in mind that I attend personally to the manufacture of my Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges &c

Raleigh, Nov. 5 1850. 89 tf

A LOT OF THOMASTOWN LIME,

Just received and for Sale by

R TUCKER & SON.

November 28th, 1850. 97

THE

VOL. LII.

THE DAILY REGI
SEATON GA
EDITOR AND PROPR

THE SEMI-WEEKLY RE
Is issued on Wednesdays and
per annum in advance; $1.50 if
six months; and $5 if not paid un
of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGI
Is issued every Wednesday a
within four months; otherwise $3

BUSINESS DIREC
RALEIGH POST O

MAIL ARRANGEM

Northern Mail—By Rail Ro
1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m
Southern—Two horse stage, d
m., closes at 12 m.
Greensborough—Four-horse s
day, Wednesday and Saturday
closes Sunday, Wednesday and
Newbern—Four-horse stage,
Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., a
Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m
Tarborough—Two-horse stag
Wednesday and Friday at 10 p.
day, Wednesday and Saturday a
Pittsborough—Two horse stag
and Thursday at 7 p. m., and
and Tuesday at 9 p. m.
Roxborough—One-horse mail
9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p.
Holly Springs—Horse Mail
4 p. m., and closes Thursday at
Letters should be in the Offic
before the time of closing.
The Office will be open every
day, from 8 o'clock a. m. until
On Sunday, it will be open fr
and one hour directly after the
Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH O
UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILD
FAYETTEVILLE
Open from 7 A. M. to
NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN

Rates	First	10 wor
Raleigh to Petersburg,		30 cts.
" " Richmond		32 "
" " Washington		44 "
" " Baltimore		51 "
" " Philadelphia		74 "
" " New York		84 "
" " Fayetteville		20 "
" " Cheraw		28 "
" " Charleston		60 "
" " Macon		97 "
" " Montgomery		116 "
" " Mobile		88 "
" " New Orleans		72 "

And all the places on this and
munication in proportion to dista

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH C
Mutual Insurance
RALEIGH
Second Floor, Smith's Block, a
Office.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH C
Mutual Life Insurance
RALEIGH
Opposite the Post Office—u
Hall.

BANK OF CAP
DISCOUNT DAY, T
Board Meets at 11
BANKING HOURS FR
W. H. JONES, C
F. C. HILL, Tell
Exchange, Baltimore, Philad
1 per ct. premium.
Virginia and South Carolina
Ahe denomination of $5 and upw

BANK OF THE
OFFICERS OF T
Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Cashier,
Seymour W. Whiting, Tell
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.
Hours of business from 10
DISCOUNT DAY, WE
Board of Directors mee
BANK RATES FOR SELLI
Sight Checks on New York ½
" " " Philadelphia ½
" " " Baltimore ½
Notes of the South Carolina
received.

J. D. WILL
FORWARDING AND
MERCHA
FAYETTEV
NORTH CARO
July 19th, 1850.